



QR code for mobile view

Discharge Criteria:

All of the following:

- Resolution of respiratory distress
- Resolution of hypoxemia (SpO₂ ≥90% on room air)
- Does not require albuterol more frequently than q4 hours
- Ability of caregiver to provide q4h albuterol at home

Discharge checklist:

- Continue yellow zone therapies on discharge
- Consider "stepping up" green zone therapies
- Asthma Action Plan and asthma education provided
- Appropriate follow-up arranged with either PCP or Asthma Provider
- Confirm pt has access to prescribed medications within 2-3 hours after discharge

Other Resources:

- Asthma Reference Guide
- Caregiver Smoking Cessation

Intensive Care Indications:

Any of the following:

- Prolonged continuous albuterol for >4 hrs with worsening symptoms
- Inadequate ventilation with hypercapnea (PCO₂ on capillary blood gas >45)
- Need for high flow nasal cannula or non-invasive ventilation
- Persistent hypoxemia (SpO₂ <90%) despite supplemental O₂ (≥3 LPM or >50% FiO₂ with non-rebreather)
- · Altered level of consciousness (drowsiness)

Criteria for Transfer out of ICU:

• Does not meet any of the above "Intensive Care Criteria"

AND

Spaced to intermittent albuterol (q2 or less frequent)

Abbreviations (laboratory/radiology studies excluded):

MDI = Metered Dose Inhaler

PeP = Positive Expiratory Pressure

RT = Respiratory Therapy

 SpO_2 = Saturation of Peripheral Oxygen

Contact: EvidenceBasedPractice @cmh.edu

Link to synopsis and references

Last Updated: 03.29.2022